

## Section 1. Identification

- Product identifier** : Super Rainbow® Plant Food Tobacco 6-3-18
- Other means of identification** :  Product code(s): 1289-25818; 1290-25818; 1842-25818
- Product type** : Granular solid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Fertilizer.	
Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	Risk assessment.

- Supplier's details** : Agrium Canada Partnership (A Subsidiary of Nutrien Ltd.)  
13131 Lake Fraser Drive, S.E.  
Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2J 7E8
- Agrium U.S. Inc. (A Subsidiary of Nutrien Ltd.)  
5296 Harvest Lake Drive  
Loveland, CO 80538
- Company phone number (North America):  
1-800-403-2861 (Customer Service)
- sds@nutrien.com - www.nutrien.com

- Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** :  Nutrien North American  
24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:
- English:  
Transportation Emergencies: 1-800-792-8311  
Medical Emergencies: 1-303-389-1653
- French or Spanish:  
Transportation or Medical Emergencies: 1-303-389-1654

## Section 2. Hazard identification

- Classification of the substance or mixture** : SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
- OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
- GHS label elements**
- Hazard pictograms** : **Not Applicable.**  
**No Aplicable.**  
**Non applicable.**
- Signal word** : Warning
- Hazard statements** : Causes eye irritation.
- Precautionary statements**
- General** : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Prevention** : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

## Section 2. Hazard identification

- Response** : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : Not applicable.
- Supplemental label elements** : None known.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Potassium magnesium sulfate	36 - 37	14977-37-8
Potassium nitrate	20 - 22	7757-79-1
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate	13 - 16	10101-41-4
Ammonium sulfate	< 9	7783-20-2
Limestone	4 - 8	1317-65-3
Ammonium dihydrogen orthophosphate	3 - 6	7722-76-1
Ammonium nitrate	3 - 4	6484-52-2
Potassium sulfate	1 - 3	7778-80-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove person to fresh air. No known significant effects. Seek medical attention for any signs of wheezing and/or breathing difficulties. For additional advice call the medical emergency number on this SDS or your poison center or medical provider. In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. If any ill effects are felt, proceed as follows. If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. For additional advice call the medical emergency number on this SDS or your poison center or doctor.
- Skin contact** : No known effect after skin contact. Rinse with water for a few minutes.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

**Ingestion** : May cause irritation of the digestive tract with accompanying nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

**Skin contact** : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. For professional, multilingual, medical support, in case of medical emergencies involving Nutrien products, telephone the Nutrien global 24 hour Emergency Number: 1-303-389-1653.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Mouth-to-mouth resuscitation of oral exposure patients is not recommended. First-aiders with contaminated clothing should be properly decontaminated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Not considered to be flammable. Not an oxidizer at the manufactured concentration, but may support combustion. Use flooding quantities of water.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not attempt to smother the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : No specific fire or explosion hazard. Contains an oxidizing substance. Not an oxidizer at the manufactured concentration, but may support combustion. Decomposes on heating.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Remark** : Contain and collect the water used to fight the fire for later treatment and disposal.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing dust. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Will dissolve and disperse in water. Reclaiming material may not be possible. If possible, recover spilled product and place in suitable containers for recycle, reuse, or disposal. Product will promote algae growth and may degrade water quality and taste. Notify downstream water users. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused adverse impacts (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Collect spillage. Recycle, if possible.  
or  
Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Recycle, if possible.  
or  
Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. May form steep piles that can collapse without warning when stored in bulk. Avoid forming steep slopes when removing product. Ensure that bulk bags or smaller packaged products stored in tiers are stacked, racked, blocked, interlocked, or otherwise secured to prevent sliding, rolling, or collapse. Use caution when opening truck or railcar doors as product may have shifted during transport.

Must be stored in a dry location. Absorbs moisture on long-term storage under high humidity conditions. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). When product is stored in sealable containers, keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Sealable containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<b>Canadian Regulations:</b> Calcium sulfate, dihydrate  Particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC)	<b>CA Alberta Provincial:</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>CA Ontario Provincial: (Canada, 1/2013).</b> TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 8 hr., as the inhalable fraction. <b>CA Quebec Provincial:</b> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>U.S. Federal Regulations:</b> Potassium magnesium sulfate  Potassium nitrate	<b>OSHA (United States):</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>OSHA (United States):</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Ammonium dihydrogen orthophosphate	<b>OSHA (United States):</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate  Limestone	<b>OSHA (United States):</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction <b>OSHA (United States):</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Potassium sulfate  Ammonium nitrate	<b>OSHA (United States):</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>OSHA (United States):</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Ammonium sulfate	<b>OSHA (United States):</b> Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR) TWA (8 hours), Total dust: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

##### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: sealed eyewear or safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : The personal protective equipment required varies, depending upon your risk assessment. Recommended: leather work gloves
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Safety shoes or boots.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. No personal respiratory protective equipment is normally required.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Granular solid.
- Color** : Gray.
- Odor** : Odorless.
- Odor threshold** : Not applicable.
- pH** : 6 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : Decomposes.
- Flash point** : [Product does not sustain combustion.]
- Evaporation rate** : Not applicable.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not applicable. The substance will not burn. Undergoes thermal decomposition at elevated temperatures to release toxic and flammable gases.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not applicable.
- Vapor pressure** : Not applicable.
- Vapor density** : Not applicable.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: hot water.  
Soluble in the following materials: cold water.
- Solubility in water** : Water soluble.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Not an oxidizer at the manufactured concentration, but may support combustion. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Absorbs moisture on long-term storage under high humidity conditions. Store in a well-ventilated, dry place. Protect from moisture.
- Incompatible materials** : Incompatible with halogens. Incompatible with copper alloys. Contact your sales representative or a metallurgical specialist to ensure compatibility with your equipment.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ammonium sulfate	LD50 Oral	Mouse - Male, Female	3040 mg/kg	-
Potassium magnesium sulfate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
Potassium nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3540 mg/kg	-
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>3.26 mg/l CaSO <sub>4</sub> .2H <sub>2</sub> O	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1581 mg/kg	-
Ammonium dihydrogen orthophosphate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2840 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
Ammonium nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2217 mg/kg	-
Potassium sulfate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

- Conclusion/Summary** : Very low toxicity to humans or animals. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate	Skin	Rabbit	0	-	72 hours
	Eyes	Rabbit	0	-	72 hours
Ammonium sulfate	Skin	Rabbit	0	20 hours	24 hours
	Eyes	Rabbit	0	-	72 hours
Ammonium nitrate	Skin	Rabbit	0	-	72 hours
	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	3	-	3 days

#### Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Eyes** : Causes eye irritation.
- Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Sensitization



## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate	Skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Ammonium sulfate	Skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Ammonium nitrate	Skin	Mouse	Not sensitizing

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Non-sensitizer.  
**Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Potassium nitrate	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 479 Genetic Toxicology: <i>In vitro</i> Sister Chromatid Exchange Assay in Mammalian Cells	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate	OECD 476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ	Negative
Ammonium sulfate	OECD 476	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative
	OECD 473	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ	Negative
Ammonium nitrate	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ammonium sulfate	Negative - Oral - TCLo	Rat - Male, Female	1288 mg/kg	2 years; 7 days per week

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Potential for nitrosamine formation if ingested. Do not ingest.

### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Potassium nitrate	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 1500 mg/kg	-
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral	-
Ammonium sulfate	Negative	Negative	-	Mouse - Male, Female	Oral: 5000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ammonium sulfate	Negative - Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1500 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Inhalation.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** : May cause irritation of the digestive tract with accompanying nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

**Skin contact** : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : May interfere with the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood if ingested in large quantities or over a prolonged period of time. Persons with anemia, bowel diseases, or infants, are more likely to develop effects. Over-exposure by ingestion is unlikely under normal working conditions.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Potential for nitrosamine formation if ingested. Do not ingest.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**General** : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

**Carcinogenicity** : See above.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Potassium nitrate	Acute LC50 120 to 140 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Portunus pelagicus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate	Acute LC50 490 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1200000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 191000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata - Fry	96 hours
	Acute LC50 22500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
	EC50 >79 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Ammonium sulfate	EC50 >79 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	EC50 >790 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours
	Acute LC50 >1970 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Ammonium nitrate	Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Young	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Young	48 hours
Potassium sulfate	Acute LC50 53 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 6 to 12 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cladocera	21 days
Potassium sulfate	Acute LC50 720 to 880 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 680 to 880 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Excessive nutrient runoff to a body of water may result in eutrophication. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Potassium nitrate	-	-	Readily
Calcium sulfate, dihydrate	-	-	Readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	<b>TDG Classification</b>	<b>DOT Classification</b>	<b>Mexico Classification</b>	<b>IMDG</b>	<b>IATA</b>
<b>UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	-	-	-	-	-

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian lists

**Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Nitrate ion; Ammonia (total); Ammonia (total)

**CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**Australia** : Not determined.

**China** : Not determined.

**Europe** : Not determined.

**Japan** : Not determined.

**Malaysia** : Not determined.

**New Zealand** : Not determined.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

<b>Philippines</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Taiwan</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Turkey</b>	: Not determined.

**U.S. Federal Regulations:** : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**TSCA 8(b) Active inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** Zinc carbonate  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** Zinc carbonate

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : Immediate (acute) health hazard

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard.
Potassium nitrate	22	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Ammonium nitrate	3	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	Potassium nitrate	7757-79-1	20 - 22
	Ammonium sulfate	7783-20-2	< 9
	Ammonium dihydrogen orthophosphate	7722-76-1	3 - 6
	Ammonium nitrate	6484-52-2	3 - 4
<b>Supplier notification</b>	Potassium nitrate	7757-79-1	20 - 22
	Ammonium sulfate	7783-20-2	< 9
	Ammonium dihydrogen orthophosphate	7722-76-1	3 - 6
	Ammonium nitrate	6484-52-2	3 - 4

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

<b>Massachusetts</b>	: The following components are listed: Potassium nitrate; Ammonium sulfate; Ammonium nitrate ; Calcium carbonate
<b>New York</b>	: None of the components are listed.
<b>New Jersey</b>	: The following components are listed: Potassium nitrate; Nitric acid, potassium salt; Ammonium nitrate; Nitric acid, ammonium salt; Calcium carbonate; Limestone
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	: The following components are listed: Nitric acid, potassium salt ; Sulfuric acid diammonium salt; Nitric acid, ammonium salt; Limestone

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### [California Prop. 65](#)

☒ Not applicable – This product is not registered for sale into the State of California and has not been evaluated for Prop 65 notification requirements.

## Section 16. Other information

### [History](#)

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 5/6/2019

**Date of previous issue** : 6/13/2018

**Version** : 1.9

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### [Key to abbreviations](#)

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 UN = United Nations  
 HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

### [Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B	Weight of evidence

### [References](#)

: Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Clear Language Regulations, current edition at time of SDS preparation, Transport Canada;  
 Hazardous Products Act and Regulations, current revision at time of SDS preparation, Health Canada;  
 Domestic Substances List, current revision at time of SDS preparation, Environment Canada;  
 29 CFR Part 1910, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration;  
 40 CFR Parts 1-799, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency;  
 49 CFR Parts 1-199, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U.S. Department of Transport;  
 Mexican Official Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015, Harmonised System for the Identification and Communication of Hazards and Risks by Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace;  
 NORMA Oficial Mexicana NOM-010-STPS-2014, Agentes químicos contaminantes del ambiente laboral-Reconocimiento, evaluación y control.  
 Mexican Official Standard NOM-002-SCT / 2011, List of the most commonly transported hazardous substances and materials;  
 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances, current edition at time of SDS preparation, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists;  
 NFPA 400, National Fire Codes, National Fire Protection Association, current edition at time of SDS preparation;  
 NFPA 704, National Fire Codes, National Fire Protection Association, current edition at time of SDS preparation;  
 Corrosion Data Survey, Sixth Edition, 1985, National Association of Corrosion Engineers;  
 ERG 2016, Emergency Response Guidebook, U.S. Department of Transport, Transport Canada, and the Secretariat of Transportation and Communications of Mexico  
 Hazardous Substances Data Bank, current revision at time of SDS preparation, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland

## Section 16. Other information

Integrated Risk Information System, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C.  
Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, current revision at time of SDS preparation, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, Ohio ;  
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry Databank, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Atlanta, Georgia  
National Toxicology Program, Report on Carcinogens, Division of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina.  
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, Ohio  
California Code of Regulations, Title 27, Div 4, Chapter 1, Proposition 65 Aug 30, 2018 rev and current updates

### [Notice to reader](#)

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